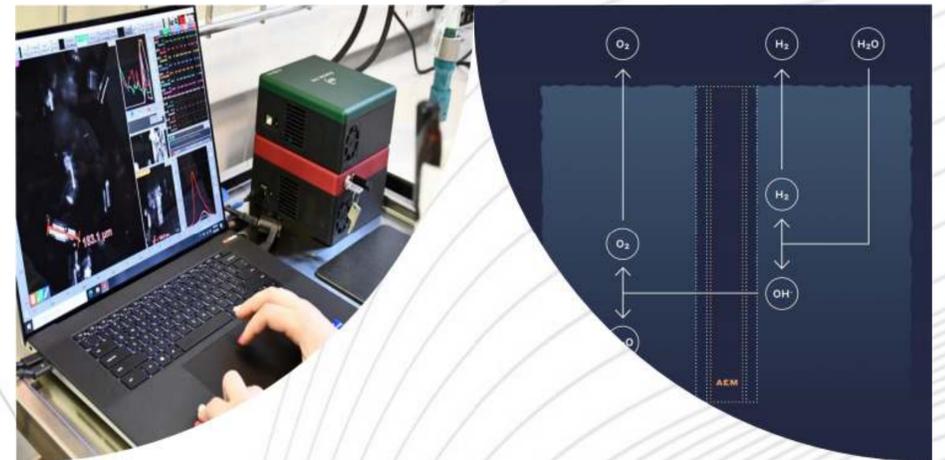


Designing of lab-scaled system for green hydrogen production based on AEM water electrolysis

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Problem & objectives

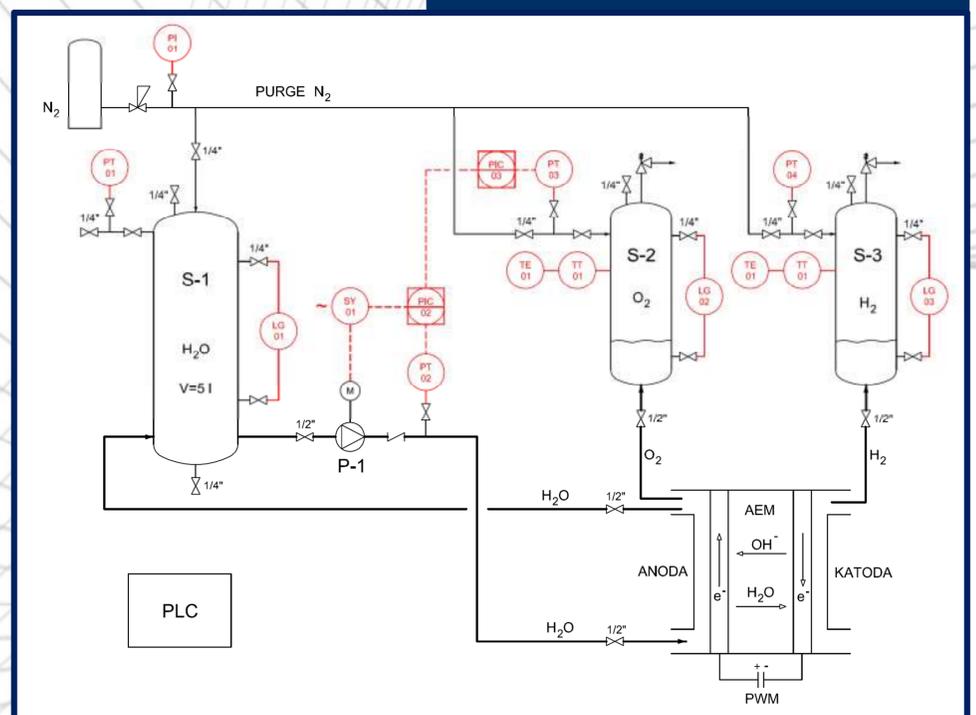
- Enable inexpensive production of large amounts of hydrogen
- Use of non-noble metal electrocatalysts
- More efficient hydrogen production



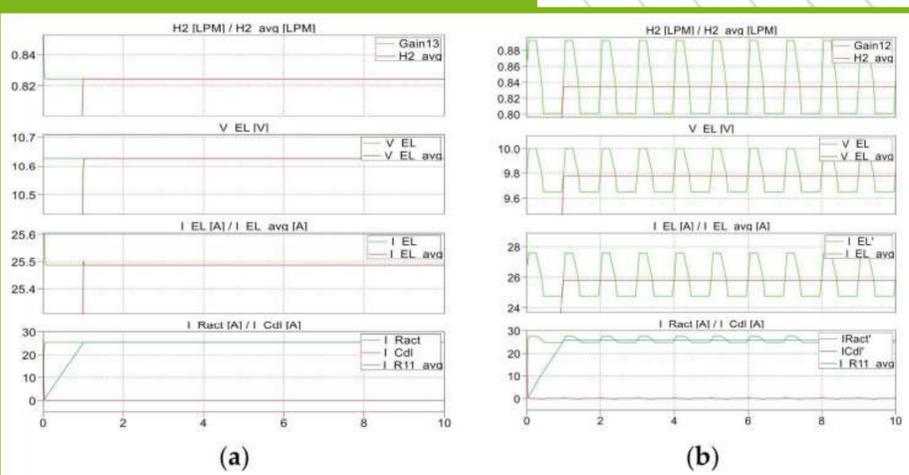
Strategy and methods

- Designing of the lab-scaled AEM water electrolysis system
- Modulation of DC power source signal using pulse-width modulation (PWM) technique
- Combining the width of the square-shaped formed signal, frequency and other operating parameters

AEM lab system



DC vs PWM



CONCLUSION

- An AEM electrolysis solution combines the benefits of PEM and alkaline systems by allowing the use of non-noble catalysts while achieving energy densities and efficiencies comparable to PEM technology.
- The application of pulses is a promising method to enhance the efficiency of water electrolysis
- Through optimal lab design additional production efficiency can be achieved

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F. Rocha, Q. de Radiguès, G. Thunis, J. Proost, Pulsed water electrolysis: A review, *Electrochimica Acta* 377 (2021) 138052 <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.electacta.2021.138052>

